CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ANNUAL REPORT

17[™] JANUARY 2025 TO 31^{5™} MARCH 2025

OF

KEYMONTANA REALTORS PRIVATE LIMITED

20

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004

Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com

CA

S PAREKH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Members of KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited, (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), which comprise of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2025, the Statement of Profit & Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of Significant Accounting Policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "the Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, its Loss and Total Comprehensive Income, Changes in Equity and its Cash flows for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the independence requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the Ind AS financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004 Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com Website: sparekh.co.in



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statement or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report the fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

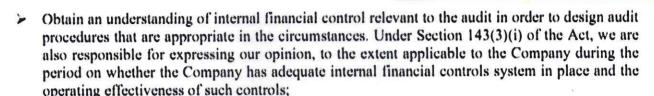
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also;

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004 Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com Website: sparekh.co.in





- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management;
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern;
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation;

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit;

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the 1. Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004

Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that;
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the Company's books of account;
 - d) In our opinion the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2025, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act:
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting 2017;
 - g) The Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company;
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we report that,
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - ii) The Company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in the any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004

Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com

M.N. 139

CA

S PAREKH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Company or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

- b) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") by or on behalf of the Funding Parties or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- c) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The company had neither declared nor paid any dividend during the current period under review.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software, except that the audit trail is not maintained for certain transactions, for changes made through specific access and for direct database changes. During the course of performing our procedures, other than the aforesaid instances of audit trail not maintained where the question of our commenting does not arise, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, or not preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

For S Parekh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 141579W

Sonal Parekh Proprietor

Membership No. 141579W UDIN No. 25139852BMKXMM3490

Mumbai, dated 8th May, 2025

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004

Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com

CA

S PAREKH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Annexure to the Auditors' Report

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the head "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of our report of even date on the Ind AS financial Statements for the period ended on March 31, 2025 of KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited)

In terms of the information and explanations given to us and the books and records examined by us and on the basis of such checks as we considered appropriate, we further report as under:

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment:

- (a) The Company does not own any Property, Plant, Equipment or Intangible Assets during the period under review and accordingly, the provision of Clause 3(i) (a) to (d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of records verified by us, no proceedings have been initiated during the period or are pending against the Company as at the close of the period for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.

(ii) Inventories:

- (a) The Company does not hold any inventory during the period under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the order are not applicable to the Company during the period under review.
- (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits, at any point of time during the period, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

(iii) Investments/Loans/Security/Guarantees to parties

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of records verified by us during the period, the Company has not made any investments or provided any guarantee or any security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans to any party. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii)(a) to (f) of the Order are not applicable.

(iv) Loans to Directors and investment by Company

Based on the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of records verified by us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 of the Act to the extent applicable to the Company. Further, since the Company falls within the definition construction company, the provisions of 186 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iv) of the order are not applicable to the Company to this extent.

(v) Acceptance of Deposits

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted deposits as per the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, the paragraph 3 (v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004 Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com Website: sparekh.co.in

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Maintenance of Cost Records (vi)

The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act, for any products of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(vi) of the order are not applicable to the Company during the period under review.

Undisputed & Disputed Statutory Dues (vii)

As per the records verified by us and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues with the appropriate authorities during the period and there were no amounts representing outstanding balances for more than six months as on the Balance Sheet date. As explained to us, the statutes pertaining to Income Tax, Goods and Services Tax (GST), Provident Fund, Profession Tax, Value added tax, Customs Duty, Cess and investor education and protection fund are not applicable to the Company during the period under review.

According to the information and explanation given us and as per the records verified by us, the Company does not have disputed statutory liability during the period under review in respect of Income Tax, Goods & Services Tax (GST), Provident Fund, Sales Tax, Value Added Tax, Service Tax, Cess and other material Statutory dues.

(viii) Transaction of Undisclosed Income under the Income Tax Act

According to the information and explanations given to us and as per the records examined by us, there were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) as Income during the period.

(ix) Loans and Borrowings

- a. As per the records verified by us, the Company does not have any loans or borrowings payable to any banks or financial institutions or government during the period under review. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(ix) (a) and (c) to (f) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

Initial/Further public offer and Preferential/Private placement of Shares or Debentures (x)

- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and to the best of our knowledge and belief, the Company did not raise money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the period under review. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - b. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004 Email ID : sparekhandassociates@gmail.com Website: sparekh.co.in



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

(xi) Fraud by or on the Company

- a. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of fraud on or by the Company or its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the period under review, nor have we been informed of such case by the management.
- b. According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the period under review and upto the date of this report.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to adopt vigil mechanism and there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the period under review.

(xii) Nidhi Companies

The Company is not a Nidhi company during the period under review and hence the provisions of clause 3(xii) of the order are not applicable.

(xiii) Related Party Transactions

As per the information and explanations given during the course of our verification, in our opinion, all transactions with the related parties made by the Company were in compliance with Sections 188 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and accordingly, to this extent, paragraph 3(xiii) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

(xiv) Internal Audit

In our opinion and based on the examination of the records, the Company is not required to have an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act and accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) (a) and (b) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

(xv) Non-cash Transactions with Directors, etc

As per the information and explanations provided to us, during the period under review, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with the directors within the purview of Section 192 of the Act. Accordingly, provisions of clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

(xvi) Provisions of 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

a. As per the information and explanations provided to us and based on the overall operations of the Company, the Company is not required to obtain registration under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, clauses 3(xvi)(a) and (b) of the Order are not applicable.

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004 Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com Website: sparekh.co.in

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the order is not applicable.
- d. According to the information and explanations provided to us, there are no Core Investment Companies (ClCs) within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.

(xvii) Cash Losses

The company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 0.10 Lakhs during the financial period covered by our audit and since it is the first year of incorporation of the Company figures of immediately preceding financial year is not applicable.

(xviii) Resignation of Statutory Auditors

There has been no resignation of the Statutory Auditors of the Company during the period under review. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.

(xix) Financial Ratios

According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of the balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts upto to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

(xx) Corporate Social Responsibility under Section 135 of the Act

According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act in respect of contribution towards Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the Company during the period under review. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable.

For S Parekh & Associates

A Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 141579W

Sonal Parekh

Membership No. 141579W UDIN No. 25139852BMKXMM3490

Mumbai, dated 8th May, 2025



CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Annexure B to the Auditor's Report of even date on the Ind AS financial statement of KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company comprising of the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2025, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Cash Flow Statement for the period then ended.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls:

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility:

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the ICAI. Those standards and the Guidance Note that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Mob.: 9967604217 / 7021982004

Email ID: sparekhandassociates@gmail.com

COUNTANTS

CA

S PAREKH & ASSOCIATES

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting:

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting:

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion:

According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, established an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting on criteria based on or considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Control over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2025.

For S Parekh & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 141579W

Sonal Parekh Proprietor

Membership No. 141579W UDIN No. 25139852BMKXMM3490

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS FJR.N. H1579W M.N. 139852

Mumbai, dated 8th May, 2025

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited Balance sheet as at March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars | Note | As at March 31, 2025 |
|---|------|-------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Financial assets | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2 | 0.10 |
| Total current assets | | 0.10 |
| Total assets | | 0.10 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | |
| Equity | 300 | |
| Equity share capital | 3(a) | 0.10 |
| Other equity | | |
| Reserves and surplus | 3(b) | (0.10) |
| Total equity | | <u> </u> |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Trade payables | 4 | |
| a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises | | <u> </u> |
| b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than (ii) (a) at | oove | 0.10 |
| Total current liabilities | | 0.10 |
| Total liabilities | | 0.10 |
| Total equity and liabilities | | 0.10 |

Material Accounting Policies

Notes of accounts forming integral part of financial statement

As per our attached report of even date

For S Parekh and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 141579V

Sonal Parekh Proprietor

Membership No.:139852

Place: Mumbai

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

CIN:U68100MH2025PTC438277

1

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth

Director

DIN: 08744292

Place: Mumbai Date:- 8 5 25

Place: Mumbai

DIN: 10122375

SANIAS

Director

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited Statement of profit and loss for the period January 17, 2025 to March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

| Particulars | Note | Period ended March 31, 2025 |
|---|------|--------------------------------|
| Income | | |
| Total income | | |
| Expenses | | |
| Other expenses | 4 | . 0.10 |
| Total expenses | | 0.10 |
| Loss before tax | | (0.10) |
| Income tax expense | | |
| - Current tax | | 1=1 |
| - Deferred tax | | 72 |
| Total tax expense | | <u></u> |
| Loss for the Period | | (0.10) |
| Other comprehensive income | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | · |
| Income tax relating to above | | |
| Other comprehensive income for the period | | 110. 400. |
| Total comprehensive (loss) for the period | | (0.10) |
| Earning per share (EPS) (Basic and Diluted) (Nominal Value Rs.10) | 13 | (49.32) |

Material Accounting Policies

Notes of accounts forming integral part of financial statement As per our attached report of even date

For S Parekh and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 141579W

Proprietor Membership No.:139852

For and on behalf of the Board of Director KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

CIN:U68100MH2025PTC438277

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth

Director

Date -8/5/25

DIN: 10122375 Date - 8/5/25

STAVIAG

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited Statement of cash flows for the Period ended March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

| (a) (| Period ended March 31, 2025 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Cash flows from operating activities | |
| Net (Loss) before tax | (0.10) |
| Operating cash flow before working capital changes | |
| Increase in trade payables | 0.10 |
| cash (used) in operating activities | (e 1) <u>w</u> y |
| Income taxes paid | : |
| Net cash (outflow) from operating activities (A) | |
| Cash flows from financing activities | |
| Proceeds from issue of Equity share Capital | 0.10 |
| Net cash inflow from financing activities (C) | 0.10 |
| Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C) | 0.10 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period (see below) | - |
| Cash and cash equivalent at end of the period (see below) | 0.10 |
| Cash and Cash equivalent includes | |
| Cash on hand | es. |
| Balances with banks | |
| in current accounts | 0.10 |
| | 0.10 |
| Notes: | |
| Net Debt reconciliation | |
| n I | Period ended March |
| Particulars | 31, 2025 |
| Borrowings (including interest accrued) | ** |
| P. P. Jan. | Period ended March |
| Particulars | 31, 2025 |
| Opening Balance Proceeds from borrowings | _ |
| | |

As per our report of even date attached

For S Parekh and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 141579V

Sonal Parekh ProPrictor

Membership No.:

Place: Mumbai

Date: 8 5 20 25

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

CIN:U68100MH2025PTC438277

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth

Director

DIN: 08744292

Place: Mumbai

Date :- 8 5 25

alu Wagh

KEYMO

STAVIAS

Director

DIN: 10122375

Place: Mumbai Date:- 8 5 25

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited Statement of changes in equity for the Period March 31, 2025 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

A. Equity share capital

| A. Equity share capital | |
|---------------------------------|--------|
| Particulars | Amount |
| 17th January 2025 | |
| Changes in equity share capital | 0.10 |
| As at March 31, 2025 | 0.10 |

B. Other equity

| Distribution | Reserves and surplus | Total other equity | |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|--|
| Particulars | Retained earnings | rotal other equity | |
| 17th January 2025 | • | ∀ ≅ | |
| Loss for the Year | (0.10) | (0.10) | |
| Other comprehensive income | - | | |
| Total comprehensive income for the period | (0.10) | (0.10) | |
| As at March 31, 2025 | (0.10) | (0.10) | |

As per our attached report of even date

For S Parekh and Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 141579W

profrietor Membership No.:

Place: Mumbai Date:- \$\sqrt{5}

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limite CIN:U68100MH2025PTC438277

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth

Director

DIN: 08744292

Director

DIN: 10122375

Place: Mumbai Date: -8/5/25

Place: Mumbai Date:- 8/5/25

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the year ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Keymontana Realtors Private Limited ('the Company') is a private limited Company, incorporated and domiciled in India and has its registered office at 702, Natraj, M V Road Junction, Andheri East, Mumbai 400 069.

The Company is incorporated since January 17, 2025 and is engaged primarily in the business of real estate constructions, development and other related activities in Mumbai.

Note 1: Material Accounting Policies

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements of the Company comply in all material aspects with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act.

(ii) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:
• certain financial assets and financial liabilities measure at fair value;

- · certain financial assets and financial liabilities measure at fair value;

MITED

STAVIRG

(iii) Current - Non Current Classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of business and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 4 years for the purpose of current - non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

(b) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM). The Board of Directors of the Company has been identified as being the CODM as they assesses the financial performance and position of the Company, and makes strategic decisions. Refer Note 11 for segment information.

(c) Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(i) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The provision for current tax is made at the rate of tax as applicable for the income of the previous period / year as defined under the Income tax Act, 1961.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. KEYMONIA

Deferred income tax is recognised using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts as per financial statements as at the reporting date. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss).

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable income will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses, depreciation carry-forwards and unused tax credits could be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in associate where it is not probable that the differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will not be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include outstanding bank overdraft shown within current liabilities in balance sheet and which are considered as integral part of the Company's cash management policy.

(e) Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial period / year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period or operating cycle, as applicable. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(f) Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- . The profit attributable to owners of respective class of equity shares of the Company
- By the weighted average number of equity shares (respective class wise) outstanding during the financial period / year.
- (ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

TAVIAS

the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
 the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

(g) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise

Note 1: Critical estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies. This note provides an overview of the areas that involved a higher degree of judgment or complexity, and of items which are more likely to be materially adjusted due to estimates and assumptions turning out to be different than those originally assessed. KEYMON

a) Estimate of current and deferred tax

The Company's tax charge on ordinary activities is the sum of the total current and deferred tax charges. The calculation of the Company's total tax charge necessarily involves a degree of estimation and judgment in respect of certain items whose tax treatment cannot be finally determined until resolution has been reached with the relevant tax authority or, as appropriate, through a formal legal process. The final resolution of some of these items may give rise to material profits/losses and/or cash flows. Significant judgments are involved in determining the provision for income taxes, including amount expected to be paid/recovered for uncertain tax positions.

b) Recognition of deferred tax assets

The recognition of deferred tax assets is based upon whether it is probable that sufficient and suitable taxable profits will be available in the future against which the reversal of temporary differences can be deducted. To determine the future taxable profits, reference is made to the approved budgets of the Company. The amounts recognised in the financial statements in respect of each matter are derived from the Company's best estimation and judgment as described above

c) Estimation of useful life of property, plant and equipment

Plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

d) Estimated fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. The Management uses its judgment to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.





Note 2 - Cash and cash equivalents

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Balances with banks | | |
| In current accounts | 0.10 | |
| Cash on hand | - | |
| Total | 0.10 | |









Note 3 - Share capital and other equity

| 3(a) - Equity share capital |
|------------------------------|
| (i) Authorised share capital |

As at March 31, 2025

| Particulars | Number of shares | |
|---|------------------|--------|
| 17th January 2025 | | |
| Increase during the period | 1,000 | 0.10 |
| s at March 31, 2025 | 1,000 | 0.10 |
| (ii) Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital | | |
| Particulars | Number of shares | Amount |
| 17th January 2025 | | |
| Increase during the period | 1,000 | 0.10 |
| | | 0.10 |

| (iii) Movements in equity share capital Particulars | Number of shares | Amount |
|---|------------------|--------|
| 17th January 2025 | | |
| Increase during the period | 1,000 | 0.10 |
| As at March 21 2025 | 1,000 | 0.10 |

Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares.

The Company has single class of equity shares having a par value of INR 10 each. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity share holders are eligible to receive remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their share holdings.

(iv) Shares of the company held by holding company

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 |
|--|-------------------------|
| Equity Shares 999 equity shares of Rs.10 each, fully paid up are held by Keystone Realtors Limited | 0.10 |

| (v) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shareholders | ares in the Company | s in the Company As at March 31, 2025 | | |
|---|---------------------|---|-----------|------|
| Particulars | | | % Holding | |
| Equity Shares | | 999 | í | 1009 |

| Name of Promoters | Number of shares | % Total shares | % Changes during the year/period |
|--|------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| As at March 31, 2025 Keystone Realtors Limited Boman Irani (As a Nominee of Keystone Realtors Limited) | 999 1 | 100% 0% | |

| 3(b) - Reserves and surplus | As at |
|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2025 |
| Retained earnings | (0.10) |
| Total | (0.10) |

| (i) Retained earnings | As at |
|-----------------------|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2025 |
| Opening balance | |
| (Loss) for the period | (0.10) |
| Closing balance | (0.10) |





| Note 4 - Trade payables | Agat |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 |
| Trade payables | |
| Dues to micro and small enterprises | - 0.1 |
| n | C |

Dues to others

O.10

Total

O.10

Trade payable ageing Schedules for the Period ended March 31, 2025:

Outstanding for the Period ended March 31, 2025 from the due date of payment

| Particulars | MSME |
|------------------|----------|
| Unbilled dues | 0.10 |
| Not Due | - |
| Less than 1 year | • |
| 1-2 year | * |
| 2-3 years | - |
| More the 3 years | - |
| Total | 0.10 |

Note: Company does not have any disputed trade payables to MSME and others





| Note 4 - Other expenses | Period ended March |
|---|--------------------|
| Particulars | 31, 2025 |
| Auditor's Remuneration (Refer note 4 (a)) | 0.10 |
| Total | 0.10 |
| Note 4 (a) - Details of Auditors Remuneration | Period ended March |
| Particulars | 31, 2025 |
| | |
| Details of Auditors Remuneration | |
| Details of Auditors Remuneration - Statutory audit fees | 0.10 |





Note 5 - Taxation

| 5(a) - Income tax expense | |
|--|----------------|
| Particulars | Period ended |
| | March 31, 2025 |
| Current tax | |
| Current tax on profits for the period | ¥' |
| Total current tax expense | 7 9 1 |
| Deferred tax | |
| (Increase) /decrease in deferred tax assets | |
| Total deferred tax (benefit)/expense | - |
| Income tax expense | 1 2 |
| 5(b) - Reconciliation of tax expense and accounting profit multiplied by statutory tax rates | |
| | Period ended |
| Particulars | March 31, 2025 |
| (Loss) for the period | (0.10) |
| Statutory tax rate applicable | 26.00% |
| Tax expense at applicable tax rate | (0.03) |
| Deffered tax assets not recognised on carried forward business losses | 0.03 |
| Income tax expense | : <u></u> |

In line with Accounting Policy of the Company, deferred tax assets are not recognised on during the period loass to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be insufficient against deductible temporary differences and deferred tax asset (net) has not been recognised to the extent of reasonable certainty of available taxprofits in future.

5(c) - The expiry schedule of the above unrecognised losses is as follows:

| Expiry date | As at March 31, 2025 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Expiry within 5 years | |
| Expiry within 6-8 years | 0.10 |
| Unlimited | |
| Total | 0.10 |
| | |





| Note 6 - Fair value measurement | As at |
|--|----------------|
| Particulars | March 31, 2025 |
| Financial assets - Amortised cost | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 0.10 |
| Total financial assets | 0.10 |
| Financial liabilities - Amortised cost | |
| Borrowings | |
| Trade payables | 0.10 |
| Total financial liabilities | 0.10 |

(ii) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgments and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are measured at amortised cost and for which fair values are disclosed in the financial statements.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices. This includes instruments like listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted price.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, traded bonds, over-the counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

The financial assets which are subsequently measured at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate provided recovery/settlement in more than 1 year. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

(iii) Valuation process

The finance department of the Company includes a team that performs the valuations of financial assets and liabilities required for financial reporting purposes, including level 3 fair values.



KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 7 - Financial Risk Management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks namely credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. The Company's focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. Financial instruments that are subject to credit risk and concentration thereof principally consist of Bank Balances.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. Company's objective is to, at all time maintain optimum levels of liquidity to meet its financial obligations. The company manages liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents . In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. There is no exposure to Liquidity Risk to the Company.

Maturities of financial liabilities

The table summarises the maturity profile of company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments:

| Particulars | Less than one year | one to four years | More than 4 years | Total |
|------------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------|
| As at March 31, 2025 | | | | N2 |
| Borrowings Trade payables | 0.10 | - | | 0.10 |
| Trade payantes | 0.10 | • | • | 0.10 |

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and currency risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings.

(iv) Interest risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The company's exposure to risk of changes in market rate is limited as the company's has given and taken loans which are interest free so interest risk is not there.

Note 8 - Capital Management

(a) Risk Management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders of the Company and borrowings.

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimise returns to our shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgment of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The Company's aim is to translate profitable growth to superior cash generation through efficient capital management. The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investor, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. The Company will take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

KEYMO

Note 9 - Related party transactions

Name of related parties and nature of relationship:

Where control exists A)

Holding company:

Keystone Realtors Limited (formerly known as Keystone Realtors Private Limited)

Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year / closing balances existed at

the year end B)

Key Management Personnel (i)

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth Vilas Walu Wagh

Transactions with related parties II

Transactions during the Period

| Particulars | Period ended March 31, 2025 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Equity capital contribution Keystone Realtors Limited | 0.10 |
| | |

B) Terms and conditions

All related party transactions entered during the period were in ordinary course of the business and are on arm's length basis.





Note 10 - Ratios Analysis and its elements

| Particulars | Period ended March 31, 2025 | % change* |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Current Ratio | 1.00 | Not applicable |
| Debt-Equity Ratio | - | Not applicable |
| Debt Service Coverage Ratio | * | Not applicable |
| Return on Equity Ratio | · · | Not applicable |
| Inventory turnover ratio | - | Not applicable |
| Trade Receivables turnover ratio | * | Not applicable |
| Trade payables turnover ratio | 2.00 | Not applicable |
| Net capital turnover ratio | - | Not applicable |
| Net profit ratio | | Not applicable |
| Return on Capital employed | 1,00 | Not applicable |
| Return on investment | (1.00) | Not applicable |

^{*}The Company has been incorporated on January 17, 2025. The financial statements are prepared for the first time from the date of incorporation upto March 31, 2025. There are no comparable period to report therein.

| Elements of Ratio | Numerator | Denominator | Period ended March 31, 2025 | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Ratios | | 201011111102 | Numerator | Denominator |
| Current Ratio | Current Assets | Current Liability | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| Debt-Equity Ratio | Debt (Borrowing) | Total Equity | • | |
| Debt Service Coverage Ratio | (Loss) for the period- Finance cost - Depreciation | Borrowings+ Interest Accrued on Borrowing | (0.10) | - |
| Return on Equity Ratio | (Loss) for the period | Average Total Equity | (0.10) | - |
| Inventory turnover ratio | Revenue from operation | Average Inventory | | - |
| Trade Receivables turnover ratio | Revenue from operation | Average trade receivable | - | 0.18 |
| Trade payables turnover ratio | Total Purchase | Average trade payable | 0.10 | 0.05 |
| Net capital turnover ratio | Revenue from operation | Average working capital = current assets- Current liabilities | 12 | (62.12) |
| Net profit ratio | (Loss) for the period/year | Revenue from operation | (0.10) | - |
| Return on Capital employed | (Loss) before tax + Finance cost | Total Equity + Debt (Borrowings) - Cash and cash equivalents | (0.10) | (0.10) |
| Return on investment | (Loss) before tax + Finance cost | | (0.10) | 0.10 |





KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited

Notes to the financial statements as at and for the period ended March 31, 2025

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 11 - Segment reporting

The company's board of directors who is identified as the chief operating decision maker of the company, examines the performance of the business and allocates funds on the basis of a single reportable segment i.e. 'Development of property'. The company has no other reportable segment. The company does not have any reportable geographical segment as it caters to the needs of only the domestic

Note 12 - Contingent liabilities

There are No Contingent Liability and Capital Commitment during the Period.

Note 13 - Earnings per share

| Particulars | As at March 31, 2025 |
|--|-------------------------|
| | |
| Loss for the Period | (0.10) |
| Weighted average number of equity shares | 203 |
| Basic earning per share (in INR) | (49.32) |

Note 14 - Basis of preparation of financial statements

The Company has been incorporated on January 17, 2025. The financial statements are prepared for the first time from the date of incorporation upto March 31, 2024. There are no comparable period to report therein.

Note 15 - Additional Regulatory Information

i) Details of Benami property Held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.

ii) Borrowings secured against current assets

The Company has not borrowed from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets.

iii) Wilful Defaulter

The company has never been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

iv) Relationship with struck off companies

The company has no transactions with the companies struck off under Companies Act, 2013 or Companies Act, 1956.

v) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

vi) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement which has an accounting impact on current period.

vii) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

The company has not taken advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on

behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

The company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall:

a. directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on

behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or

b. provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries

viii) Undisclosed income

There is no income surrendered or disclosed as income during the current period in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961, that has not been recorded in the books of account.

ix) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current period.

x) Valuation of PP&E, intangible asset and investment property

The company has not purchased property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current period. Hence the company has not revalued property, plant and equipment (including right-of-use assets) or intangible assets or both during the current period

xi) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

There are no charges or satisfaction which are yet to be registered with the Registrar of Companies beyond the stat

xii) Utilisation of borrowings availed from barks and financial institutions.

The company has not obtained borrowing from banks and financial institutions.

Note 16 - Audit Trail

As per the requirements of rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014 the Company uses accounting software for maintaining its books of account that have a feature of recording audit trail of each and every transaction creating an edit log of each change made in the books of account along with the date when such changes were made within such accounting software. This feature of recording audit trail has operated throughout the year except for certain transactions, changes made through specific access and for direct database changes and no audit trail features were tampered during the year and have been preserved by the company as per the statutory requirement for record retention.

As per our attached report of even date

For S Parekh and Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 141579W

Membership No.:139852

Place : Mumbai Date :-

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

KeyMontana Realtors Private Limited CIN:U68100MH2025PTC438277

Krunal Kamlesh Sheth V

Director

DIN: 08744292 Date 8/5/25 Director

DIN: 10122375 Data 815725

KEYMO

PRIVATE